

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, THE IMPACT OF PESTICIDES AND WOMEN'S HEALTH - REPORT OF EVENTS AND SITUATION IN THE STATE OF SP / BRAZIL

Telma Nery¹, Rogério Christensen² and Géssica Rodrigues³

¹Health Institute and University Center S. Camilo; ²Superintendent of Control of Endemics (SUCEN), Sao Paulo, Brazil ³University Center S. Camilo, Sao Paulo, Brazil

Abstract: Brazil has been the largest consumer of pesticides on the planet since 2009. 51.4% of the population (103.5 million) in Brazil is women, where 37.3% are responsible for the families' livelihoods. The life expectancy of women in Brazil is 10 years longer than men, but they become sick more frequently. The state of São Paulo, Brazil's most populous state, with a population of 44 million people, remains a major consumer in the country, considering quantity per planted area. It has 645 municipalities. Considering impacts on health and the environment, this use is important. This study sought to identify the main characteristics of socio-demographic and environmental data in the state of São Paulo and to analyze data from the Ministry of Health on indicators and health characteristics of rural women in the period 2010-2015. Changes in the patterns of agriculture, use of pesticides and identified rates of intoxication by pesticides, abortions and use of pesticides, suicides and increased cases of depressive disorders were analyzed. Data from the systems, which also point out relationships between: congenital malformations - rates, higher in municipalities with higher consumption of pesticides; Cancer - higher rates (liver, endocrine, etc.) in places of higher consumption. All data were discussed with civil society and women's representatives from March to April 2017 during specific events: Women's Health Forums and Conferences, seeking the empowerment and empowerment of women for environmental issues in the state of São Paulo and providing information to Effective social control. This year will be held in Brazil the National Conference on Women's Health, where health policies will be defined considering the theme: CHALLENGES FOR INTEGRALITY WITH EQUITY. The main focus will be on socio-economic and environmental development and on women's health; the world of work and its impact on women's health; Vulnerability in the life cycle of women; Public policies and women's participation.

Key Words: Pesticides, Environmental Health, Women's Health, Intoxications, Social Control.